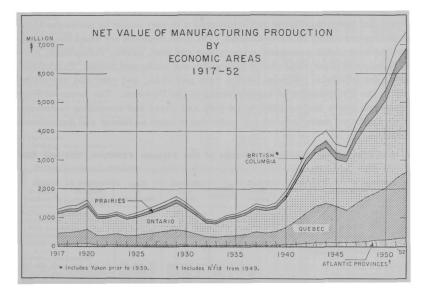
2.-Concentration of Manufacturing Production in each Province, 1951 and 1952

	1951			1952		
Province or Territory	Number of Establish- ments Employing 500 or More Persons	Percentage of Total Number of Establish- ments in Province	Provincial Percentage of Number Employees Accounted for by these Estab- lishments	Number of Establish- ments Employing 500 or More Persons	Percentage of Total Number of Establish- ments in Province	Provincial Percentage of Number of Employees Accounted for by these Estab- lishments
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec. Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan. Alberta British Columbia. Yukon and Northwest Territories	135 185 7	0.2 0.6 0.9 1.1 1.4 0.5 0.2 0.6	32 · 6 29 · 2 34 · 4 37 · 7 39 · 6 21 · 4 10 · 4 24 · 4	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 11\\ 9\\ 130\\ 190\\ 9\\ -\\ 6\\ 25\\ -\end{array}$	0.2 0.7 0.8 1.0 1.4 0.5 0.2 0.5 	33-2 34-5 33-0 37-5 41-0 24-8 14-4 25-9
Canada	377	1.0	35 - 7	382	1.0	36.7



Subsection 1.- The Manufactures of the Atlantic Provinces

In the Atlantic region the program of industrial development has been more selective than in some of the other provinces. Fish processing, new sawmills, increased pulp-making capacity and the manufacture of non-metallic building materials like cement and gypsum products have accounted for well over half of the industrial growth. There are, however, a few outstanding exceptions. Two